PALB2: CanVIG-UK Gene-Specific Guidance

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CanVIG-UK review of *PALB2* May 2023: Consensus to use relevant recommendations from the ClinGen *PALB2* VCEP guidance (available at: https://clinicalgenome.org/affiliation/50039/) for *PALB2* variants reported under indication R208 of the UK Genomic Test Directory. Evidence items in grey are not relevant as per the ClinGen VCEP guidance (VCEP guidance last reviewed: Version 1.0.0, released 03/17/2023).

Evidence towards Pathogenicity

Evidence element and evidence strengths allowed		Thresholds/data-sources/applications specifically relevant to PALB2	
PS4: Case-control: The prevalence of the variant in affected individuals is significantly increased compared with the prevalence in controls	_STR	There should be a minimum of 2 case observations before PS4 can be applied. Female-only population controls are recommended for use. See main CanVIG-UK consensus specification for database recommendations. Otherwise follow VCEP recommendations.	
PP4: Phenotypic specificity/case counting (Patient's phenotype or family history is highly specific for a disease with a single genetic aetiology)		Not applicable as per VCEP	
PM2: Absent from controls (or at extremely low frequency if recessive) in ESP, 1000GP, or ExAC	_SUP	Female-only population controls are recommended for use. See main CanVIG-UK consensus specification for database recommendations.	
PVS1: Predicted null variant (in a gene where LOF is a known mechanism of disease)		As per VCEP	
PS1: Same amino acid change as an established variant	_STR MOD SUP	As per VCEP	
PM4: Protein-length-changing variant		Not applicable as per VCEP	
PM5: Novel missense change at an amino acid residue where a different missense change determined to be pathogenic seen before	_SUP	As per VCEP	

PP3: In silico: Multiple lines of computational evidence support a deleterious effect on the gene or gene product	_SUP	As per VCEP
PM1, PP2: Enrichment/constraint: PP2: Missense variant in a gene that has a low rate of benign missense variation and in which missense variants are a common mechanism of disease PM1: Located in a mutational hot spot and/or critical and wellestablished functional domain (e.g. active site of an enzyme) without benign variation		Not applicable as per VCEP
PS3: Functional: Well- established in vitro or in vivo functional studies supportive of a damaging effect on the gene or gene product		Not applicable as per VCEP
PP1: Co-segregation with disease in multiple affected family members in a gene definitively known to cause the disease	_STR _MOD _SUP	As per VCEP
PS2/PM6: De novo (maternity and paternity confirmed/unconfirmed) in a patient with the disease and no family history		Not applicable as per VCEP
PM3: in trans with a pathogenic variant (recessive disorders)	_STR _MOD _SUP	As per VCEP
PP5: Reputable source recently reports variant as pathogenic, but the evidence is not available to the laboratory to perform an independent evaluation		Not applicable as per VCEP

Evidence towards Benignity

BA1/BS1: Allele frequency is "too high" in ExAC or gnomAD for disorder	_SA _STR	As per VCEP
BS2: Observation in controls inconsistent with disease penetrance. Observed in a healthy adult individual for a recessive (homozygous), dominant (heterozygous), or X-linked (hemizygous) disorder, with full	_STR _MOD _SUP	As per VCEP

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penetrance expected at an early		
age		
BP4: In silico: Multiple lines of		Not applicable as per VCEP
computational evidence suggest		
no impact on gene or gene		
product (conservation,		
evolutionary, splicing impact, etc.)		
BP1: Missense variant in a gene	_SUP	As per VCEP
for which primarily truncating		
variants are known to cause		
disease		
BP7: Synonymous (silent)	_STR	As per VCEP
variant for which splicing	MOD	
prediction algorithms predict no	SUP	
impact to the splice consensus	_001	
sequence		
BP3: In-frame		Not applicable as per VCEP
deletions/insertions in a		
repetitive region		
BS3: Well-established in vitro		Not applicable as per VCEP
or in vivo functional studies		
show no damaging effect on		
protein function or splicing		
BS4: Non segregation with	STR	As per VCEP
disease	MOD	· ·
	_	
	_SUP	
BP2: Observed in trans with a		Not applicable as per VCEP
pathogenic variant for a fully		Not applicable as per VCEP
penetrant dominant gene/disorder		
or observed in cis		
BP6: Reputable source recently		Not applicable as per VCEP
reports variant as benign, but the		140t applicable as pel VOLI
evidence is not available to the		
laboratory to perform an		
independent evaluation		
BP5: Alternate molecular basis for		Not applicable as per VCEP
disease		100 Sp. 102

Version History/Amendments

Revised version	Date	Section	Update	Amended by	Approved by
1.0	02/06/2023		Initial Version		
1.1	04/08/2023	PM2	Specified to use female-only sex matched controls.	Allen	CStAG
1.1	30/10/2023	PS4	Requirement for a minimum of 2 case observations and female-only sex matched controls.	Garrett	CStAG